

Chapter 2

Number Systems

SKEE1223 Digital Electronics

Mun'im/Arif

FKE, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia

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 - Basics

Counting in Binary

- Binary mean two
- In binary number system, a digit has only two values: 0 and 1

Decimal	Binary
0	0
1	1
2	10
3	11
4	100
5	101
6	110
7	111
8	1000
9	1001
10	1010

Binary → Decimal

- Example: find the decimal value of 00101

Bit Position:	4	3	2	1	0	
Binary:	0	0	1	0	1	
Decimal:	0×2^4	0×2^3	1×2^2	0×2^1	1×2^0	
	0 +	0 +	4 +	0 +	1	= 5

Therefore, $00101_2 = 5_{10}$

More Number Conversions

650₁₀ to binary using repeated division method:

Value	Quotient	Remainder
650 ÷ 2	325	0
325 ÷ 2	162	1
162 ÷ 2	81	0
81 ÷ 2	40	1
40 ÷ 2	20	0
20 ÷ 2	10	0
10 ÷ 2	5	0
5 ÷ 2	2	1
2 ÷ 2	1	0
1 ÷ 2	0	1

■ Therefore, 650₁₀ = 1010001010₂

Binary \longleftrightarrow Decimal

- Convert these binary numbers to decimal:
 - $1010_2 \Rightarrow 2^3 + 2^1 = 10$
 - $10111_2 \Rightarrow 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0 = 23$
- Convert these decimal numbers to binary:
 - $19 = 2^4 + 2^1 + 2^0 = 10011_2$
 - $58 = 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1 = 111010_2$

Common Bit Groups

Name	Number of bits
Nibble (or nybble)	4
Byte	8
Word	16 or 32*

* depends on system

- Word size is determined by manufacturer.
 - For computers (Intel processors), a word is 16 bits.
 - For handphones (ARM processors), a word is 32 bits.
 - There are processors that use word size $\neq 2^n$

Maximum Values

Number of bits	Largest value
n	2^{n-1}
1	1
2	3
3	7
4	15
5	31
6	63
7	127
8	255
10	1023
12	4095
16	65535
24	16777216
32	4294967295

Multiples of Bit/Bytes

Prefix	Symbol	Power-of-2	Power-of-10
kilo-	K	2^{10}	10^3
mega-	M	2^{20}	10^6
giga-	G	2^{30}	10^9
tera-	T	2^{40}	10^{12}
peta-	P	2^{50}	10^{15}
exa-	E	2^{60}	10^{18}
zeta-	Z	2^{70}	10^{21}
yotta-	Y	2^{80}	10^{24}

Counting in Hexadecimal

- Hexadecimal (hex) means sixteen
- In hex system, a digit can take the value 0 through 9, A through F.
- Hex is used to write binary numbers in compact form.

Binary	Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary	Decimal	Hexadecimal
0000	0	0	1000	8	8
0001	1	1	1001	9	9
0010	2	2	1010	10	A
0011	3	3	1011	11	B
0100	4	4	1100	12	C
0101	5	5	1101	13	D
0110	6	6	1110	14	E
0111	7	7	1111	15	F

Hexadecimal → Decimal

- Hexadecimal number conversion: Convert 1011011011001_2 to hexadecimal

Binary: 1011011011001

break binary into 4 groups

1 6 D 9

Hexadecimal: $16D9_{16}$

Hexadecimal \longleftrightarrow Decimal

- Convert the following to binary:
 - $CF8E_{16} \Rightarrow 1100\ 1111\ 1000\ 1110_2$
 - $974_{16} \Rightarrow 1001\ 0111\ 0100_2$
- Convert the following to hexadecimal
 - $1111\ 0000\ 1010_2 \Rightarrow F0A_{16}$
 - $10\ 0001\ 1101\ 1001_2 \Rightarrow 21D9_{16}$

More Number Conversions

- Convert $A7B_{16}$ to binary and decimal – easy
- Convert 650_{10} to hexadecimal – 2 ways
 - Convert to binary first, then to hex
 - Convert directly to hex

More Number Conversions

- 650_{10} to hexadecimal using repeated division method:
- $650/16 = 40.625$, $0.625 \times 16 = 10=A$ (Least significant bit (MSB))
- $40/16 = 2.5$, $0.5 \times 16 = 8 = 8$
- $2/16 = 0.125$, $0.125 \times 16 = 2 = 2$ (Most significant bit (MSB))
- Therefore, $650_{10} = 28A_{16}$

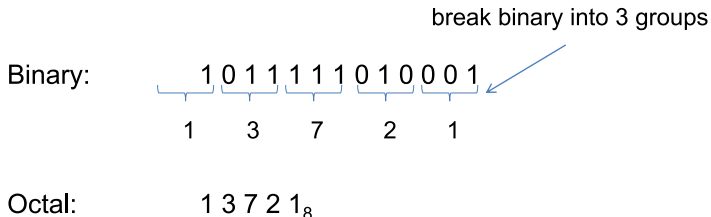
Counting in Octal

- Octal means eight
- In octal number system, a digit can take the value 0 through 7.

Octal	Decimal	Binary
0	0	000
1	1	001
2	2	010
3	3	011
4	4	100
5	5	101
6	6	110
7	7	111

Octal → Decimal

- Octal numbers conversion: Convert 1011111010001_2 to octal



Octal Numbers

- Convert the following to binary
 - $25_8 = 10\ 101_2$
 - $140_8 = 001\ 100\ 000_2$
- Convert the following to octal
 - $110\ 101_2 = 65_8$
 - $1\ 101\ 111\ 001_2 = 1571_8$



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